

## LEGEND

SEDIMENTARY ROCKS  
(Areas of subaqueous deposits are shown by patterns of parallel lines; solutional cavities by patterns of dots and circles.)

Recent  
Quaternary

Qai  
Alluvium (only the larger de-  
posits represented)  
Or  
Older terrace  
deposits (gravel and loam)

Kl  
Laramie formation  
(sandstone and carbonaceous shale)  
Kph  
Fox Hills formation  
(sandstone and sandy shale)

Kp  
Pierre shale  
(dark gray shale or clay  
with concretions)

Limestone  
lentils in  
Pierre shale  
(thin, light-colored bands)

Kn  
Niobrara formation  
(thin shale and  
impure chalk)

Kcr  
Carlile  
formation  
(gray shale and thin sandstone)

Kgs  
Greenhorn limestone  
(impure shaly limestone)

Kgs  
Graneros formation  
exclusive of sandstone lentil  
(dark, fissile shale  
containing massive sandstone lentil)

Kd  
Sandstone lentil  
in Graneros formation

Kd  
Dakota sandstone  
(brownish sandstone,  
mostly massive)

Kf  
Fuson formation  
(shale and sandstone)

Klk  
Lakota sandstone  
(massive buff sandstone  
with local coal bed near  
base)

Km  
Morrison shale  
(massive sandy shale,  
greenish, grayish, and  
brownish)

Rs  
Sundance formation  
(buff sandstone and  
red and greenish-gray shale)

Rs  
Spearfish formation  
(red shale with  
beds of gypsum,  
red beds)

Cmk  
Mimetuska limestone  
(very thin bedded  
gray limestone)

Cm  
Opeda formation  
(bright red sandy shale)

Mml  
Mimetuska sandstone  
(gray red and buff  
thin sandstone)

Cp  
Palaeosepta limestone  
(massive gray limestone)

Permian series?  
Pennsylvanian?

Sections

## AREAL GEOLOGY

WYOMING-SOUTH DAKOTA  
NEWCASTLE QUADRANGLE

Geology by N.H. Darton  
Assisted by C.A. Fisher  
Surveyed 1899-1901.

Bridgeman